

Safety Data Sheet
ANTIPLUVIOL S

Safety Data Sheet dated: 14/06/2022 - version 5



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: ANTIPLUVIOL S

Trade code: 900775

UFI: ROC0-Q0VA-V003-ASMG

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Siloxane resin based water-repellent sealing compound

Uses advised against: Data not available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI S.p.A. - Via Cafiero, 22 - 20158 Milano

Tel. +(39)02376731 (office hours) - Fax: +39-02-37673.214 - www.mapei.it

Responsible: sicurezza@mapei.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Centro antiveleni, Azienda ospedaliera "Antonio Cardarelli", III Servizio di anestesia e rianimazione, via Antonio Cardarelli 9, Napoli - Tel. 081 5453333

Centro antiveleni, Azienda ospedaliera universitaria Careggi, U.O. Tossicologia medica, via Largo Brambilla 3, Firenze - Tel. 055 7947819

Centro antiveleni, Centro nazionale d'informazione tossicologica, IRCCS Fondazione Salvatore Maugeri Clinica del lavoro e della riabilitazione, via Salvatore Maugeri 10, Pavia - Tel. 0382 24444

Centro antiveleni, Azienda ospedaliera Niguarda Ca' Granda, piazza Ospedale Maggiore 3, Milano - Tel. 02 66101029

Centro antiveleni, Azienda ospedaliera "Papa Giovanni XXIII", Tossicologia clinica, Dipartimento di farmacia clinica e farmacologia, piazza OMS 1, Bergamo - Tel. 800 883300

Centro antiveleni Policlinico "Umberto I", PRGM tossicologia d'urgenza, viale del Policlinico 155, Roma - Tel. 06 49978000

Centro antiveleni del Policlinico "Agostino Gemelli", Servizio di tossicologia clinica, largo Agostino Gemelli 8, Roma - Tel. 06 3054343

Centro antiveleni, Azienda ospedaliera universitaria Riuniti, viale Luigi Pinto 1, Foggia - Tel. 800 183459

Centro antiveleni, Ospedale pediatrico Bambino Gesù, Dipartimento emergenza e accettazione DEA, piazza Sant'Onofrio 4, Roma - Tel. 06 68593726

Centro antiveleni dell'Azienda ospedaliera universitaria integrata (AOUI) di Verona sede di Borgo Trento, piazzale Aristide Stefani, 1 - 37126 Verona - Tel. 800 011858

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Flam. Liq. 2	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT RE 2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Asp. Tox. 1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aquatic Chronic 2	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Pictograms and Signal Words



Danger

Hazard statements:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378	In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.
P391	Collect spillage.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Contains:

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes,
isoalkanes, cyclics

o-xylene

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

Other Hazards: No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: ANTIPLUVIOL S

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Concentration (%) w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number	Properties :
$\geq 25 - < 50$ %	hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	CAS:64742-49-0 EC:265-151-9 Index:649-328-00-1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, EUH066	01-2119473851-33-XXXX	
$\geq 25 - < 50$ %	o-xylene	CAS:1330-20-7 EC:215-535-7 Index:601-022-00-9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT RE 2, H373; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	01-2119488216-32-XXXX	
$\geq 0.1 - < 0.25$ %	dioctyltin dilaurate	CAS:3648-18-8 EC:222-883-3 Index:050-031-00-9	Repr. 1B, H360D; STOT RE 1, H372	01-2119979527-19-XXXX	SVHC
$\geq 0.016 - < 0.025$ %	methanol	CAS:67-56-1 EC:200-659-6 Index:603-001-00-X	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 1, H370 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 3, H311	01-2119433307-44-XXXX	
			Specific Concentration Limits: 3% \leq C < 10%: STOT SE 2 H371 10% \leq C < 100%: STOT SE 1 H370		

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

List of components with OEL value

	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour Note
hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics CAS: 64742-49-0	NDS	POLAND		500				
	NDSch	POLAND				1500		
o-xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	National	SWEDEN		221	50	442	100	SWEDEN, Short term value, 15 minutes average value
	National	FINLAND		220	50	440	100	FINLAND, hud
	National	NORWAY		108	25			NORWAY, H
	EU			221	50	442	100	Skin
	National	NORWAY		109	25	218	50	
	ACGIH				100		150	A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair
	DFG	GERMANY	C			880	200	
	ACGIH				100		150	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; CNS impairment; eye and upper respiratory tract irritation
	National	SWEDEN		221	50			
	National	FRANCE		221	50	442	100	
	National	SPAIN		221	50	442	100	
	National	GREECE		435	100	650	150	
	National	DENMARK		109	25			
	National	FINLAND		220	50	440	100	
	National	GERMANY		440	100			
	National	PORTUGAL		221	50	442	100	
	National	BELGIUM		221	50	442	100	
	NDS	POLAND		100				
	NDSch	POLAND				200		
	CHE	SWITZERLAND				870	200	
	NDS	NETHERLANDS		210		442		
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC		200				
	National	HUNGARY		221		442		

	Malaysi a OEL	MALAYSIA		434	100		
	National	ESTONIA		200	50	450	100
	National	LATVIA		221	50	442	100
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC	C			400	
	National	SLOVAKIA	C			442	
	National	SLOVAKIA		221	50		
	National	SLOVENIA		221	50	442	100
	National	UNITED KINGDOM		220	50	441	100
	National	BULGARIA		221,0	50	442	100
	National	ROMANIA		221	50	442	100
	TUR	TURKEY		221	50	442	100
	National	LITHUANIA		221	50	442	100
	National	CROATIA		221	50	442	100
	EU			221	50	442	100
							Indicative Possibility of significant uptake through the skin (pure)
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	SUVA			260	200	1040	800
	National	SWEDEN		250	200	350	250
	National	FINLAND		270	200	330	250
	National	NORWAY		130	100		
	NDS			100			
	NDSch			300			
	National	NORWAY		260	200	520	400
	EU			260	200		
	ACGIH				200		250
	DFG	GERMANY	C			260	200
	ACGIH				200		250
							Skin Skin, BEI - Headache, eye dam, dizziness, nausea
	National	SWEDEN		250	200		
	EU			260	200		
							Indicative Possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	National	FRANCE		260	200	1300	1000
	National	SPAIN		266	200		
	National	GREECE		260	200	325	250
	National	DENMARK		260	200		
	National	FINLAND		270	200	330	250
	National	GERMANY		270	200		
	National	PORTUGAL		260	200		250
	National	BELGIUM		266	200	333	250
	NDS	POLAND		100			
	NDSch	POLAND				300	
	CHE	SWITZERLAND				1040	800
	NDS	NETHERLANDS		133			
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC		250			

National HUNGARY	260			
Malaysi a OEL	262	200		Skin notation
National ESTONIA	250	200	350	250
National LATVIA	260	200		
National CZECH REPUBLIC			1000	
				C
National SLOVAKIA	260	200		
National SLOVENIA	260	200		
National UNITED KINGDOM	266	200	333	250
National BULGARIA	260,0	200		
National ROMANIA	260	200		
TUR TURKEY	260	200		
National LITHUANIA	260	200		
National CROATIA	260	200		

Biological Exposure Index

	Value	UoM	Medium	Biological Indicator	Sampling Period
o-xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1,5	GGCREAT	Urine	Methyl uric Acid	End of turn
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	15	mg/L	Urine	Methyl alcohol	End of turn

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
o-xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	0,327 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,327 mg/l	Marine water		
	12,46 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	12,46 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	2,31 mg/kg	Soil		
	6,58 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	0,32 mg/l	Intermittent release		
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	154 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	15,4 mg/l	Marine water		
	570,4 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	23,5 mg/kg	Soil		
	100 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	1540 mg/l	Intermittent release		

Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

	Worker Industrial	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
o-xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	289 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects	
	289 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	174 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Short Term, systemic effects	
	180 mg/kg	108 mg/kg	108 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects	

methanol CAS: 67-56-1	77 mg/m ³	14,8 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		1,6 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
	40 mg/kg	8 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects
	260 mg/m ³	50 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Short Term, systemic effects
	260 mg/m ³	50 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Short Term, local effects
	40 mg/kg	8 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects
	260 mg/m ³	50 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
	260 mg/m ³	50 mg/m ³	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
		8 mg/kg	Human Oral	Short Term, systemic effects
		8 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness $\geq 0,5$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,5$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness $\geq 0,4$ mm; breakthrough time ≥ 480 min.

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to appropriate EN standards, like EN 136, 140, 143, 149, 14387 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

In case of insufficient ventilation use mask with ABEKP filters (EN 14387).

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: liquid

Color: transparent

Odour: solvent like

Odour threshold: Not available

Melting point / freezing point: Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 125 °C (257 °F)

Flammability: The product is classified Flam. Liq. 2 H225

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available

Flash point: 2 °C (36 °F)

Auto-ignition temperature: 460.00 °C

Decomposition temperature: Not available

pH: Not available
Viscosity: 11.00 cPs
Kinematic viscosity: <= 14 mm²/sec (40 °C) mm²/s
Solubility in water: Insoluble
Solubility in oil: soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available
Vapour pressure: 1.00
Relative density: 0.83 g/cm³
Vapour density: 3.6

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: Not available

9.2. Other information

Miscibility: Not available
Conductivity: Not available
Explosive properties: 1.1%-7.0%
No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological information of the mixture:

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335), STOT SE 3(H336)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	The product is classified: STOT RE 2(H373)
j) aspiration hazard	The product is classified: Asp. Tox. 1(H304)

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 73680 ppm 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
o-xylene	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat = 11 mg/l 4h

		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 3200 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 4350 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 29,08 mg/l 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 3500 mg/kg
	e) germ cell mutagenicity	NOAEL Inhalation Rat > 2000 ppm
	f) carcinogenicity	NOAEL Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg
		NOAEL Oral Rat = 1000 mg/kg
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Inhalation Rat = 500 ppm
dioctyltin dilaurate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg
methanol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Skin Rabbit > 17100, mg/kg

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration \geq 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
hydrocarbons, C7-C9, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	CAS: 64742-49-0 - EINECS: 265-151-9 - INDEX: 649-328-00-1	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 8,41 mg/L 96h ECHA
o-xylene	CAS: 1330-20-7 - EINECS: 215-535-7 - INDEX: 601-022-00-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 165 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 2 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 2,2 mg/L 72
		c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 = 96 mg/L 24
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish > 1,3 mg/L
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 1,57 mg/L
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 13,4 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 2,661 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss 13,5 mg/L 96h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus 13,1 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus = 19 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Lepomis macrochirus 7,711 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas 23,53 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Cyprinus carpio = 780 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Cyprinus carpio > 780 mg/L 96h IUCLID
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Poecilia reticulata 30,26 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia water flea = 3,82 mg/L 48h

methanol

CAS: 67-56-1 -
EINECS: 200-
659-6 - INDEX:
603-001-00-X

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Gammarus lacustris = 0,6 mg/L 48h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish 15400 mg/L 96h

b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 450 mg/L

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:
methanol	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$

12.7 Other adverse effects

Not available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (aliphatic hydrocarbons)

IATA-Technical name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (aliphatic hydrocarbons)

IMDG-Technical name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (aliphatic hydrocarbons)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3

IATA-Class: 3

IMDG-Class: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: II

IATA-Packing group: II

IMDG-Packing group: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes
Environmental Pollutant: Yes
IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

ADR-Label: 3
ADR-Hazard identification number: 33
ADR-Special Provisions: 163 367 640C 650
ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 2 (D/E)

Air (IATA) :

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 353
IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 364
IATA-Label: 3
IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -
IATA-Erg: 3L
IATA-Special Provisioning: A3 A72 A192

Sea (IMDG) :

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category B
IMDG-Stowage Note: -
IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -
IMDG-Special Provisioning: 163 367
IMDG-EMS: F-E, S-E

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC (2004/42/EC) : N.A. g/l

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
Products belongs to category P5c	5000	50000
Products belongs to category E2	200	500

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3, 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 28, 29, 69, 75

SVHC Substances:

Substances in candidate list (Art. 59 Reg. 1907/2006, REACH):

Component	Ident. Numb.	Quantity	Properties:
dioctyltin dilaurate	CAS: 3648-18-8	>=0.1 - <0.25 %	SVHC
	EINECS: 222-883-3		Repr. Cat. 3.7/1B;
	Index: 050-031-00-9		

German Water Hazard Class (WGK)

3

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs (immune system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/2	Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/3/Dermal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/3/Oral	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
3.1/4/Dermal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.10/1	Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.7/1B	Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B
3.8/1	STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 1
3.8/2	STOT SE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 2
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2

4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

[CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
2.6/2	On basis of test data
3.2/2	Calculation method
3.3/2	Calculation method
3.8/3	Calculation method
3.8/3	Calculation method
3.9/2	Calculation method
3.10/1	Calculation method
4.1/C2	Calculation method

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: KAFH

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

*** Sheet model entirely changed in compliance to regulatory update.**