

Safety Data Sheet

MAPECOAT I 62 W comp. A

Safety Data Sheet dated: 19/05/2020 - version 1

Section 1. Identification of the substance and supplier

Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MAPECOAT I 62 W comp. A

Trade code: 906NA9999

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Epoxy resins

Uses advised against: Data not available

Supplier's details

Company: MBP (NZ) Ltd. - 88 Carbine Road, Mount Wellington, Auckland 1060, New Zealand Email: enquiries@MBPLtd.co.nz

Website: www.MBPLtd.co.nz - Phone: +64 9 921 1994 (Mon-Fri 9am-5pm) - Fax: +64 9 921 1993

Emergency phone number

New Zealand Poisons Centre: Ph: 0800 764 766

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO hazard classification

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2017.

HSNO classification:

- 6.3A H315 - Causes skin irritation.
6.4A H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
6.5B H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
9.1B H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard information

Pictograms and Signal Words



Warning

Hazard statements:

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

- P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P321 Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label).
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

No other hazards

This preparation contains low molecular weight epoxy resins. Cross sensitisation to other epoxies is possible. Avoid also exposure to

spray mist and vapour.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

N.A.

Mixtures

Mixture identification: MAPECOAT I 62 W comp. A

Hazardous components within the meaning of HSNO Act and related classification

Quantity	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification
≥75 - <100 %	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	CAS:25068-38-6 EC:500-033-5 Index:603-074-00-8	6.4A, H319; 6.3A, H315; 6.5B, H317; 9.1B, H411
≥10 - <20 %	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	CAS:68609-97-2 EC:271-846-8 Index:603-103-00-4	6.3A, H315; 6.5B, H317
≥5 - <10 %	bisphenol F - epoxy resin	CAS:9003-36-5 EC:500-006-8	6.3A, H315; 6.5B, H317; 9.1B, H411

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye irritation
Eye damages
Skin Irritation
Erythema

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

- None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.
- Hazardous combustion products: N.A.
- Explosive properties: ==
- Oxidizing properties: N.A.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Use suitable breathing apparatus.
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Workplace Exposure Standards

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC LIMIT	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	25068-38-6	0,006	Fresh Water		
		mg/l			
		0,0006	Marine water		
		mg/l			
		0,0627	Freshwater		
		mg/kg	sediments		
		0,00627	Marine water		
		mg/kg	sediments		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	68609-97-2	0,00072	Marine water		
		mg/l			
		0,0072	Fresh Water		
		mg/l			
		66,77	Freshwater		
		mg/kg	sediments		
		6,677	Marine water		
		mg/kg	sediments		
		80,12	Soil		
		mg/kg			
		10 mg/l	Microorganisms		
			in sewage		
			treatments		
bisphenol F - epoxy resin	9003-36-5	10 mg/l	Microorganisms		
			in sewage		

treatments

0,003 Fresh Water
mg/l

0,294 Freshwater
mg/kg sediments

0,0003 Marine water
mg/l

0,0294 Marine water
mg/kg sediments

0,237 Soil
mg/kg

Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industrial	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark	
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	25068-38-6	8,3			Human Dermal		Short Term, systemic effects	
			12,25			Human Inhalation		Short Term, systemic effects
				8,3		Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
					12,25	Human Inhalation		Long Term, systemic effects
					3,571	Human Dermal		Short Term, systemic effects
					0,75	Human Oral		Short Term, systemic effects
					3,571	Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
					0,75	Human Oral		Long Term, systemic effects

Engineering Controls

N.A.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

N.A.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance and colour: liquid transparent

Odour: characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: N.A.

Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flammability (Solid, Gas): ==
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.
Vapour pressure: N.A.
Vapour density: N.A.
Relative density: N.A.
Solubility in water: insoluble
Solubility in oil: soluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.
Decomposition temperature: N.A.
Kinematic viscosity: N.A.
Particle characteristics: No Data Available
Viscosity: 1,800.00 cPs

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Data not available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 15000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 23000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 11400 mg/kg
	i) STOT-repeated exposure	NOAEL Oral Rat = 50 mg/kg
		NOAEL Skin Rat = 100 mg/kg
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3987 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 17100 mg/kg
bisphenol F - epoxy resin	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 10000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat > 2 g/kg
	i) STOT-repeated exposure	NOAEL Oral = 250 mg/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.

- a) acute toxicity
- b) skin corrosion/irritation
- c) serious eye damage/irritation
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
- f) carcinogenicity
- g) reproductive toxicity
- h) STOT-single exposure
- k) Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information
- i) STOT-repeated exposure
- j) aspiration hazard

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	CAS: 25068-38-6 - EINECS: 500-033-5 - INDEX: 603-074-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 2 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 1,8 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae > 11 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia = 1,3 mg/L 96 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 0,3 mg/L
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	CAS: 68609-97-2 - EINECS: 271-846-8 - INDEX: 603-103-00-4	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 7,20000 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 844,00000 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 1800,00000 mg/L 96
bisphenol F - epoxy resin	CAS: 9003-36-5 - EINECS: 500-006-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Fish = 2,54 mg/L 96
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 2,55 mg/L 48

Persistence and degradability

N.A.

Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

Mobility in soil

N.A.

Other adverse effects

N.A.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

Special precautions to be taken during disposal

No Data Available

Section 14. Transport information

UN number

3082

UN proper shipping name

NZS-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)
ADR-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)
IATA-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)
IMDG-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

Transport hazard class(es)

NZS-Class: 9
ADR-Class: 9
IATA-Class: 9
IMDG-Class: 9

Packing group, if applicable

NZS-Packing Group: III
ADR-Packing Group: III
IATA-Packing group: III
IMDG-Packing group: III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes
Environmental Pollutant: Yes

Special precautions for user

NZS-Subsidiary risks: -

NZS-Special Dispositions: 274 331 335

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 9

ADR-Hazard identification number: 90
ADR-Special Provisions: 274 335 375 601
ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (-)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 964
IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 964
IATA-Label: 9

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 9L
IATA-Special Provisions: A97 A158 A197

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A
IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 274 335 969
IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval

HSNO approval number and group standard title:
HSR002544 - Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006

HSNO Controls

Approved Handler
No Data Available

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

All components are listed on the NZIoC Inventory.

Regulatory references

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets - Approved Code of Practice Under the HSNO Act 1996 (HSNO CoP 8-1 09-06).
Hazardous Substances (Classification) Regulations 2001.
Labelling of Hazardous Substances: Hazard and Precautionary Information (January 2012 EPA0094).
Assigning a Product to a HSNO Approval (May 2013/Revised June 2014).

Section 16. Other information

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Code	Description
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Description of the HSNO Classification codes used in section 2 or 3:

Code	Description
6.3A	Substances that are irritating to the skin.
6.4A	Substances that are irritating to the eye.
6.5B	Substances that are contact sensitisers.
9.1B	Substances that are ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.